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# 3D Filter Mask, Sodium Chloride Aerosol GLP Report 

| Document Number | Revision | Released Date |  | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ER016-1324 | A | 912912016 |  | 1of 3 |

## Approval Signatures



Released By:


## Document Revision History

| Date | Revision | Description of Change |
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| $09 / 27 / 2016$ | A | Initial Release |
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| ER Report <br> Number | Revision | Engineering Report Title | Page |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ER016-1324 | A | 3D Filter Mask, Sodium <br> Chloride Aerosol GLP <br> Report |  | MTM |

## 1. Purpose

The purpose of this document is to release Nelson Lab's report on the study of Sodium Chloride ( NaCl ) Aerosol Test for 3D Filter Mask (Part Number:16-40348) GLP report to 12th Man Technologies document control.

## 2. Background

The test was performed to evaluate particulate filter penetration as specified in 42 CFR Part 84 and TEB-APR-STP-0059 for requirements on a N95 respirator. Respirators were conditioned then tested for particle penetration against a polydispersed, sodium chloride ( NaCl ) particulate aerosol. The challenge aerosol was dried, neutralized, and passed through the test article at a concentration not exceeding $200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$. The initial airflow resistance and particle penetration for each respirator was determined.

According to 42 CFR Part 84.64, pretesting must be performed by all applicants as part of the application process with NIOSH .

## 3. Reference Document

Appendix A Sodium Chloride (NaCl) Aerosol GLP Report
4. Result

All test method acceptance criteria were met.
The NIOSH N95 filter efficiency as stated in 42 CFR Part 84.181 is a minimum efficiency for each filter of $\geq 95 \%$ ( $\leq 5 \%$ penetration). The test articles submitted by the sponsor conform to the NIOSH N95 criteria for filter efficiency.

Test results are attached in the appendix of this document.

## 5. Conclusion

The results of the Sodium Chloride Aerosol test for the 3D Filter Mask (Part Number:16-40348) are deemed acceptable.

| ER Report <br> Number | Revision | Engineering Report Title | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ER016-1324 | A | 3D Filter Mask, Sodium <br> Chloride Aerosol GLP <br> Report | 3 of 3 |

Appendix A

## Sodium Chloride ( NaCl ) Aerosol Test GLP Report

Test Article: 3DXL0716<br>Purchase Order: TE2016090302<br>Study Number: 915434-S01<br>Study Received Date: 08 Sep 2016<br>Test Procedure(s): Standard Test Protocol (STP) Number: STP0014 Rev 07

Summary: This procedure was performed to evaluate particulate filter penetration as specified in 42 CFR Part 84 and TEB-APR-STP-0059 for requirements on a N95 respirator. Respirators were conditioned then tested for particle penetration against a polydispersed, sodium chloride ( NaCl ) particulate aerosol. The challenge aerosol was dried, neutralized, and passed through the test article at a concentration not exceeding $200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$. The initial airflow resistance and particle penetration for each respirator was determined.

According to 42 CFR Part 84.64, pretesting must be performed by all applicants as part of the application process with NIOSH. Results seen below are part of that pretesting and must be submitted to and accepted by NIOSH for respirator approval.

All test method acceptance criteria were met.

Results: The NIOSH N95 filter efficiency as stated in 42 CFR Part 84.181 is a minimum efficiency for each filter of $\geq 95 \%$ ( $\leq 5 \%$ penetration). The test articles submitted by the sponsor conform to the NIOSH N95 criteria for filter efficiency.

| Test Article Number | Initial Airflow Resistance <br> $\left(\mathrm{mm}_{\left.\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)}\right.$ | Particle Penetration <br> $(\%)$ | Filtration Efficiency <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 10.0 | 3.02 | 96.98 |
| 2 | 10.5 | 2.69 | 97.31 |
| 3 | 11.0 | 2.27 | 97.73 |
| 4 | 10.6 | 1.86 | 98.14 |
| 5 | 10.7 | 2.27 | 97.73 |
| 6 | 11.0 | 1.43 | 98.57 |
| 7 | 10.5 | 1.21 | 98.79 |
| 8 | 11.2 | 3.02 | 96.98 |
| 9 | 11.0 | 2.79 | 97.21 |
| 10 | 10.2 | 1.95 | 98.05 |
| 11 | 10.5 | 1.43 | 98.57 |
| 12 | 10.8 | 2.11 | 97.89 |


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| Test Article Number | Initial Airflow Resistance <br> $\left(\mathrm{mm} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)$ | Particle Penetration <br> $(\%)$ | Filtration Efficiency <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | 10.3 | 1.94 | 98.06 |
| 14 | 10.2 | 1.20 | 98.80 |
| 15 | 10.8 | 2.51 | 97.49 |
| 16 | 10.8 | 3.91 | 96.09 |
| 17 | 10.3 | 1.36 | 98.64 |
| 18 | 10.5 | 2.17 | 97.83 |
| 19 | 10.2 | 2.26 | 97.74 |
| 20 | 11.2 | 1.37 | 98.63 |

Test Method Acceptance Criteria: The filter tester must pass the "Tester Set Up" procedure. The airflow resistance and particle penetration of the reference material must be within the limits set by the manufacturer.

Filter Test Procedure: Prior to testing, respirators were taken out of their packaging and placed in an environment of $85 \pm 5 \%$ relative humidity (RH) and $38 \pm 2.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for $25 \pm 1 \mathrm{hrs}$.

The filter tester used in this procedure was a TSI ${ }^{\circledR}$ CERTITEST ${ }^{\circledR}$ Model 8130 Automated Filter Tester that is capable of efficiency measurements of up to $99.999 \%$. It produces a particle size distribution with a count median diameter of $0.075 \pm 0.020 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ and a geometric standard deviation not exceeding $1.86 \mu \mathrm{~m}$,. The mass median diameter is approximately $0.26 \mu \mathrm{~m}$, which is generally accepted as the most penetrating aerosol size. The reservoir was filled with a $2 \% \mathrm{NaCl}$ solution and the instrument allowed a minimum warm-up time of 30 min . The main regulator pressure was set to $75 \pm 5$ pounds per square inch (psi). The filter holder regulator pressure was set to approximately 35 psi . The NaCl aerosol generator pressure was set to approximately 30 psi and the make-up airflow rate was set to approximately 70 liters per minute (L/min).

The neutralized NaCl test aerosol was verified to be at $25 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $30 \pm 10 \% \mathrm{RH}$ by the acceptance of the manufacturer's reference material. The NaCl concentration of the test aerosol was determined in $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ by a gravimetric method prior to the load test assessment.

An entire respirator was mounted on a test fixture, placed into the test article holder, and the NaCl aerosol passed through the outside surface of the test article at a continuous airflow rate of $85 \pm 4 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{min}$. In accordance with NIOSH policy, three respirators were challenged until $200 \pm 5 \mathrm{mg}$ of NaCl had contacted the filter. Based upon the load pattern of NIOSH Type 2, the initial penetration reading of the remaining 17 filters was recorded.

## Quality Assurance Statement

Compliance Statement: The test was conducted in accordance with the USFDA (21 CFR Parts 58, 210, 211, and 820) Regulations. This final report reflects the raw data.

| Study Initiation | Date |
| :---: | :---: |
| Phase Inspected by Quality Assurance: |  |
| Gravimetric Test |  | 09 Sep 2016

Data Disposition: The study plan, raw data and final report from this study are archived at Nelson Laboratories, LLC or an approved off-site location.


